Attachment A: Air Quality Emissions Calculations and FTA Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emissions Calculator Results

## **Existing Conditions (2022) Estimated Air Emission Calculations**

2022 Existing Conditions VMT and Unit Conversion Factors						
System Linked trips	N/A					
System Unlinked trips	N/A					
Project total trips	N/A					
Change in passenger miles traveled (miles)	N/A					
Average vehicle occupancy	1.1					
2022 Existing Daily Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) (miles)	61,958,037.28					
2022 Existing Annual VMT (miles)	20,136,362,114.70					
Annualization Factor (days)	325.00					
Gram (1g) to Pound (lbs)	0.0022046					
Gram (1g) to Metric Ton	0.0000010					

Table 1: 2022 Existing Conditions Estimated Regional Vehicles Miles Traveled (VMT)

Sources: 2022 Roadway Inventory Annual Reports (txdot.gov) and 2045-RTP-Summer-Update.pdf (campotexas.org)

**Notes**: VMT in the region would be expected to increase 127% from the 2022 (about 62 million VMT) to 2045 No-Build (about 140 million VMT). Data are based on CAMPO Travel Demand Model for year 2045 forecast and TXDOT, Roadway Inventory Annual Report of year 2022. Region includes 6 county of Travis, Burnet, Williamson, Hays, Bastrop, Caldwell. Travis county VMT is about 50% of the region VMT.

Pollutant	Grams per Mile	Daily Emissions in Pounds	Annual Emissions in Pounds	Daily Emissions in Metric Tons	Annual Emissions in Metric Tons
*Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)	0.22	29,914.07	9,722,072.84	13.57	9.00
Exhaust CO	2.54	347,494.95	112,935,859.79	157.62	51,226.91
Exhaust NOx	0.24	32,919.14	10,698,719.42	14.93	4,852.86
Exhaust PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.01	682.97	221,965.13	0.31	100.68
Brake Wear PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.00	409.78	133,179.08	0.19	60.41
Tire Wear PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.00	273.19	88,786.05	0.12	40.27
Total PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.01	1,365.94	443,930.27	0.62	201.36
**Exhaust CO <sub>2</sub>	480.59	65,645,266.14	21,334,711,496.39	29,776.23	9,677,273.86
***EPA CO2e	391.00	53,408,225.90	17,357,673,418.32	24,225.59	7,873,317.59
Energy Consumption (Btu/mile)	0.01	819.56	266,358.16	0.37	120.82

	Table 2: Existing Condit	tions (2022) Estimated Da	ily and Annual Emissions in Pounds and Metric Tons	s (based on existing VM	IT)
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Sources: U.S. Bureau of Transportation Statistics Table 4-43 and U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Transportation and Air Quality Oct. 13, 2023.

#### Notes:

- Average Emissions calculated using BTS 2030 Estimated National Average Vehicle Emissions Rates per Vehicle by Vehicle Type
- \*Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) are represented by Total Hydrocarbons (HC) and include exhaust and evaporative emissions.
- \*\*Exhaust CO<sub>2</sub> emission factor of 480.59 grams per mile is provided by the US Bureau of Transportation Statistics Table 4-43
- \*\*\*EPA CO2e emission factor of 391 grams per mile is provides by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
- Equation: 8.89 × 10<sup>-3</sup> metric tons CO<sub>2</sub>/gallon gasoline × 1/22.9 miles per gallon car/truck average × 1 CO<sub>2</sub> or [CH<sub>4</sub>] or [N<sub>2</sub>O/0.993]
- CO<sub>2</sub> conversion to metric tons = 3.91 x 10-4 metric tons CO<sub>2</sub>e/mile
- For electric vehicles, total HC and exhaust CO, NOx, PM<sub>2.5</sub> and CO<sub>2</sub> g/mile values are zero
- Btu = British thermal unit;
- CO = carbon monoxide;
- CO<sub>2</sub> = carbon dioxide;
- HC=hydrocarbons;
- NOx= nitrogen oxides;
- PM<sub>2.5</sub> = particulate matter with diameter <= 2.5 micrometers;
- Estimates are by calendar year. Vehicle types are defined as follows: light-duty vehicles (passenger cars); light-duty trucks (two axle, four tire); buses (school, transit and other); heavy-duty vehicles (trucks with more than two axles or four tires); motorcycle (highway only).
- Emissions factors are averages based on the national average age distributions, vehicle activity (speeds, operating modes, vehicle-miles traveled fractions, starts and idling), temperatures, humidity, inspection/maintenance and antitampering programs, and average gasoline fuel properties in that calendar year.
- Gasoline-electric hybrids are accounted for in the values for gasoline vehicles.
- BTS Table 4-43 was generated using MOVES4, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's mobile source emissions factor model. More information on MOVES is available at /www.epa.gov/moves.

## 2045 No Build Alternative Estimated Air Emission Calculations

2045 No Build Alternative STOPS data and Conversion Factors				
System Linked trips	109,200.00			
System Unlinked trips	151,000.00			
Project total trips	N/A			
Change in passenger miles traveled	N/A			
Average vehicle occupancy	1.1			
2045 No Build Daily VMT (miles)	141,074,241.89			
2045 No Build Annual VMT (miles)	45,849,128,613.11			
Annualization Factor (days)	325.00			
Gram (1g) to Pound (lbs.)	0.0022046			
Gram (1g) to Metric Ton	0.0000010			
Sources: 2022 Roadway Inventory Annual Reports (	(txdot.gov) and 2045-RTP-Summer-Updat			

Table 3: 2045 No Build Alternative Vehicle Miles Traveled Summary Data

Notes: VMT in the region would be expected to increase 127% from the 2022 (about 62 million VMT) to 2045 No-Build (about 140 million VMT). Data are based on CAMPO Travel Demand Model for year 2045 forecast and TXDOT, Roadway Inventory Annual Report of year 2022. Region includes 6 county of Travis, Burnet, Williamson, Hays, Bastrop, Caldwell. Travis county VMT is about 50% of the region VMT.

Pollutant	Grams per Mile	Daily Emissions in Pounds	Annual Emissions in Pounds	Daily Emissions in Metric Tons	Annual Emissions in Metric Tons
*Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)	0.22	68,112.31	22,136,499.40	30.90	10,040.96
Exhaust CO	2.54	791,222.40	257,147,280.67	358.89	116,640.18
Exhaust NOx	0.24	74,954.64	24,360,257.33	34.00	11,049.64
Exhaust PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.01	1,555.08	505,399.53	0.71	229.25
Brake Wear PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.00	933.05	303,239.72	0.42	137.55
Tire Wear PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.00	622.03	202,159.81	0.28	91.70
Total PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.01	3,110.15	1,010,799.06	1.41	458.49
**Exhaust CO <sub>2</sub>	480.59	149,469,811.53	48,577,688,747.83	67,798.45	22,034,495.17
***EPA CO2e	391.00	121,606,902.20	39,522,243,215.91	55,160.03	17,927,009.29
Energy Consumption (Btu/mile)	0.01	1,866.09	606,479.44	0.85	275.09

Table 4: 2045 No Build Alternative Estimated Daily and Annual Emissions in Pounds and Metric Tons based on 2045 No Build VMT

Sources: U.S. Bureau of Transportation Statistics Table 4-43 and U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Transportation and Air Quality Oct. 13, 2023.

#### Notes:

Average Emissions calculated using BTS 2030 Estimated National Average Vehicle Emissions Rates per Vehicle by Vehicle Type

\*Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) are represented by Total Hydrocarbons (HC) and include exhaust and evaporative emissions.

\*\*Exhaust CO<sub>2</sub> emission factor of 480.59 grams per mile is provided by the US Bureau of Transportation Statistics Table 4-43

\*\*\*EPA CO2e emission factor of 391 grams per mile is provides by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

Equation: 8.89 × 10<sup>-3</sup> metric tons CO<sub>2</sub>/gallon gasoline × 1/22.9 miles per gallon car/truck average × 1 CO<sub>2</sub> or [CH<sub>4</sub>] or [N<sub>2</sub>O/0.993]

CO<sub>2</sub> conversion to metric tons = 3.91 x 10-4 metric tons CO<sub>2</sub>e/mile

For electric vehicles, total HC and exhaust CO, NOx, PM2.5 and CO2 g/mile values are zero

Btu = British thermal unit;

CO = carbon monoxide;

 $CO_2$  = carbon dioxide:

- HC=hvdrocarbons
- NOx= nitrogen oxides;
- PM<sub>2.5</sub> = particulate matter with diameter <= 2.5 micrometers;
- Estimates are by calendar year. Vehicle types are defined as follows: light-duty vehicles (passenger cars); light-duty trucks (two axle, four tire); buses (school, transit and other); heavy-duty vehicles (trucks with more than two axles or four tires); motorcycle (highway only).
- Emissions factors are averages based on the national average age distributions, vehicle activity (speeds, operating modes, vehicle-miles traveled fractions, starts and idling), temperatures, humidity, inspection/maintenance and antitampering programs, and average gasoline fuel properties in that calendar year.
- Gasoline-electric hybrids are accounted for in the values for gasoline vehicles.
- BTS Table 4-43 was generated using MOVES4, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's mobile source emissions factor model. More information on MOVES is available at /www.epa.gov/moves.

### **2045 Build Alternative Estimated Air Emission Calculations**

2045 Build Alternative STOPS data and Conversion Factors						
System Linked trips	121,700.00					
System Unlinked trips	168,100.00					
New Transit Trips	12,540.00					
Project total trips	28,500.00					
Change in passenger miles traveled	68,200.00					
Average vehicle occupancy	1.1					
2045 Build Alternative Daily VMT (miles)	141,012,276.89					
2045 Build Alternative Annual VMT (miles)	45,828,989,988.11					
Annualization Factor (days)	325.00					
Gram (1g) to Pound (lbs.)	0.00					
Gram (1g) to Metric Ton	0.00					
Daily Change/Reduction in VMT	61,965.00					
Annual Change/Reduction in VMT	20,138,625.00					

#### Table 5: 2045 Build Alternative STOPS Model Output Summary Data

Sources: STOPS Model, 2022 Roadway Inventory Annual Reports (txdot.gov) and 2045-RTP-Summer-Update.pdf (campotexas.org)

**Notes**: VMT in the region would be expected to increase 127% from the 2022 (about 62 million VMT) to 2045 No-Build (about 140 million VMT). Data are based on CAMPO Travel Demand Model for year 2045 forecast and TXDOT, Roadway Inventory Annual Report of year 2022. Region includes 6 county of Travis, Burnet, Williamson, Hays, Bastrop, Caldwell. Travis county VMT is about 50% of the region VMT.

Pollutant	Grams per Mile	Daily Emissions in Pounds	Annual Emissions in Pounds	Daily Emissions in Metric Tons	Annual Emissions in Metric Tons
*Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)	0.22	68,082.39	22,126,776.23	30.88	10,036.55
Exhaust CO	2.54	790,874.87	257,034,332.12	358.74	116,588.95
Exhaust NOx	0.24	74,921.72	24,349,557.41	33.98	11,044.79
Exhaust PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.01	1,554.39	505,177.54	0.71	229.14
Brake Wear PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.00	932.64	303,106.52	0.42	137.49
Tire Wear PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.00	621.76	202,071.02	0.28	91.66
Total PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.01	3,108.78	1,010,355.08	1.41	458.29
**Exhaust CO <sub>2</sub>	480.59	149,404,158.89	48,556,351,638.78	67,768.67	22,024,816.81
***EPA CO2e	391.00	121,553,487.97	39,504,883,591.87	55,135.80	17,919,135.09
Energy Consumption (Btu/mile)	0.01	1,865.27	606,213.05	0.85	274.97

#### Table 6: 2045 Build Alternative Estimated Daily and Annual Emissions in Pounds and Metric Tons based on 2045 Build VMT

Sources: U.S. Bureau of Transportation Statistics Table 4-43 and U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Transportation and Air Quality Oct. 13, 2023.

#### Notes:

• Average Emissions calculated using BTS 2030 Estimated National Average Vehicle Emissions Rates per Vehicle by Vehicle Type

• \*Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) are represented by Total Hydrocarbons (HC) and include exhaust and evaporative emissions.

- \*\*Exhaust CO<sub>2</sub> emission factor of 480.59 grams per mile is provided by the US Bureau of Transportation Statistics Table 4-43
- \*\*\*EPA CO₂e emission factor of 391 grams per mile is provides by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
- Equation: 8.89 × 10<sup>-3</sup> metric tons CO<sub>2</sub>/gallon gasoline × 1/22.9 miles per gallon car/truck average × 1 CO<sub>2</sub> or [CH<sub>4</sub>] or [N<sub>2</sub>O/0.993]
- CO<sub>2</sub> conversion to metric tons = 3.91 x 10-4 metric tons CO<sub>2</sub>e/mile
- For electric vehicles, total HC and exhaust CO, NOx, PM<sub>2.5</sub> and CO<sub>2</sub> g/mile values are zero
- Btu = British thermal unit;
- CO = carbon monoxide;
- CO<sub>2</sub> = carbon dioxide;
- HC=hydrocarbons;
- NOx= nitrogen oxides;
- PM<sub>2.5</sub> = particulate matter with diameter <= 2.5 micrometers;
- Estimates are by calendar year. Vehicle types are defined as follows: light-duty vehicles (passenger cars); light-duty trucks (two axle, four tire); buses (school, transit and other); heavy-duty vehicles (trucks with more than two axles or four tires); motorcycle (highway only).
- Emissions factors are averages based on the national average age distributions, vehicle activity (speeds, operating modes, vehicle-miles traveled fractions, starts and idling), temperatures, humidity, inspection/maintenance and antitampering programs, and average gasoline fuel properties in that calendar year.
- Gasoline-electric hybrids are accounted for in the values for gasoline vehicles.
- BTS Table 4-43 was generated using MOVES4, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's mobile source emissions factor model. More information on MOVES is available at /www.epa.gov/moves.

## Comparison of 2045 No Build and Build Alternative: Estimated Air Emission Calculations Based on 2045 Change in Vehicle Miles Traveled

This section summarizes the comparison of the 2045 Build and No Build Alternatives STOPS data and the estimated air emissions associated with the difference between the 2045 Build and No Build VMT

#### Table 7: Comparison of 2045 Build and No Build Alternatives STOPS Model Output Summary Data and Conversion Factors

STOPS Model Metrics	2045 No Build Alternative	2045 Build Alternative	Difference between 2045 Build and No Build Alternatives
System Linked trips	109,200.00	121,700.00	12,500.00
System Unlinked trips	151,000.00	168,100.00	17,100.00
New Transit Trips	N/A	12,540.00	12,540.00
Project total trips	N/A	28,500.00	28,500.00
Change in passenger miles traveled	N/A	68,200.00	68,200.00
Average vehicle occupancy	1.1	1.1	1.1
Daily VMT (miles)	141,074,241.89	141,012,276.89	-61,965.00
Annual VMT (miles)	45,849,128,613.11	45,828,989,988.11	-20,138,625.00
Annualization Factor (days)	325.00	325.00	325.00
Gram (1g) to Pound (lbs.)	0.0022046	0.0022046	0.0022046
Gram (1g) to Metric Ton	0.0000010	0.000010	0.0000010

**Sources**: STOPS Model, U.S. Bureau of Transportation Statistics Table 4-43 and U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Transportation and Air Quality Oct. 13, 2023.

#### Table 8: Summary of Comparison of 2045 Build and No Build Alternatives Air Emissions in Pounds

Pollutant	Emission Factor (grams per mile)	2045 No Build Annual Emissions (Pounds)	2045 Build Annual Emissions (Pounds)	Difference between 2045 Build and No Build Alternatives (Pounds)
VOCs	0.22	22,136,499.40	22,126,776.23	-9,723.17
CO	2.54	257,147,280.67	257,034,332.12	-112,948.55
NO <sub>x</sub>	0.24	24,360,257.33	24,349,557.41	-10,699.92
Total PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.01	1,010,799.06	1,010,355.08	-443.98
***EPA CO2e	391.00	39,522,243,215.91	39,504,883,591.87	-17,359,624.04

**Sources**: STOPS Model, U.S. Bureau of Transportation Statistics Table 4-43 and U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Transportation and Air Quality Oct. 13, 2023.

#### Notes:

- Average Emissions calculated using BTS 2030 Estimated National Average Vehicle Emissions Rates per Vehicle by Vehicle Type
- \*Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) are represented by Total Hydrocarbons (HC) and include exhaust and evaporative emissions.
- \*\*Exhaust CO<sub>2</sub> emission factor of 480.59 grams per mile is provided by the US Bureau of Transportation Statistics Table 4-43
- \*\*\*EPA CO2e emission factor of 391 grams per mile is provides by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
- Volatile organic compound emission rates are equal to total hydrocarbons in Table 4-43 (Bureau of Transportation Statistics 2023); Total hydrocarbons includes exhaust and evaporative emissions.
- Calculation for daily pollutant reductions in pounds = Emission Factor in grams per mile x 61,965 daily VMT x 0.002205 pounds/ per gram. For example, daily reduction of volatile organic compounds in pounds = 0.219 grams per mile x 61,965 daily VMT x 0.002205 pounds per gram = 29.92 pounds per day
- Calculation for annual pollutant reduction in pounds = Emission Factor in grams per mile x 20,138,625 annual VMT x 0.002205 pounds/ per gram. For example, annual volatile organic compounds = 0.219 grams per mile x 20,138,625 daily VMT x 0.002205 pounds/ per gram = 9,723.17 pounds per year
- Calculation for carbon monoxide = 2.544 grams per mile x 61,965daily VMT x 0.002205 pounds per gram = 347.53 pounds per day
- Calculation for nitrogen oxides = 0.241 grams per mile x 61,965 daily VMT x 0.002205 pounds per gram = 32.92 pounds per day
  Tatal DM2 5 includes 5 the set 5 M2 5
- Total PM2.5 includes Exhaust PM2.5 = 0.005 grams per mile, 0. 683 pounds per day, 221.99 pounds per year; Brake Wear PM2.5 = 0.003 grams per mile, 0.410 pounds per day, 133.19 pounds per year; and Tire Wear PM2.5 = 0.002 grams per mile, 0. 273 pounds per day, 88.79 pounds per year
- Calculation for Total PM2.5 = 0.010 grams per mile x 61,965 daily VMT x 0.002205 pounds per gram = 1.37 pounds per day, 443.98 pounds per year.

#### Table 9: Summary of Comparison of 2045 Build and No Build Alternatives Air Emissions in Metric Tons

Pollutant	Emission Factor (grams per mile)	2045 No Build Annual Emissions (Metric Ton)	2045 Build Annual Emissions (Metric Ton)	Difference between 2045 Build and No Build Alternatives (Metric Ton)
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VOCs	0.22	10,040.96	10,036.55	-4.41	
СО	2.54	116,640.18	116,588.95	-51.23	
NOx	0.24	11,049.64	11,044.79	-4.85	
Total PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.01	458.49	458.29	-0.20	
***EPA CO2e	391.00	17,927,009.29	17,919,135.09	-7,874.20	
Sources: STOPS Model, U.S. Bureau of Transportation Statistics Table 4-43 and U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Transportation and Air Quality Oct. 13, 2023.					

#### Table 10: Estimated Upstream, Downstream, and Net GHG Emissions for the 2045 Build Alternative

Pollutant	Annual VMT Reduction in Miles	Annual Upstream GHG Emissions in MTCO₂e	Annual Downstream GHG Emissions in MTCO₂e	Net GHG Emissions in MTCO₂e
2045 Build Alternative	20,138,625	3,103	(4,164)	(1,061)

Source: FTA Transit Greenhouse Gas Emissions Estimator.

Note: GHG = greenhouse gases; MTCO2e = metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent

## Welcome to the FTA's Transit Greenhouse Gas Emissions Estimator, version 3.0

#### **OVERVIEW**

The Federal Transit Administration's (FTA's) Transit Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emissions Estimator v3.0 is a spreadsheet tool that allows users to estimate the partial lifecycle GHG emissions and energy use associated with the construction, operations, and maintenance phases of projects across select transit modes. Users input general information about a project, and the tool calculates annual GHG emissions and energy use by project phase. Total annual GHG emissions for a transit project is the sum of amortized construction emissions, annual maintenance emissions, and annual operations emissions, minus annual displaced emissions. The tool also calculates the total GHG emissions and energy use by project phase over the analysis period selected.

The Estimator was developed in connection with FTA's Greenhouse Gas Emissions from Transit Projects Programmatic Assessment (2016). Although the tool lacks the precision that may be attainable by using more complex emission models or route-specific ridership estimates, it provides a resource to generate coarse but informative estimates of GHG emissions and energy use for a broad range of transit projects. In no case is the use of this tool mandatory, and transit agencies should work with FTA Regions to determine whether to conduct project-specific analyses of GHG emissions and the best approach for doing so.

#### **NAVIGATING THE TOOL**

The tool asks users to enter information associated with four different elements of a project - Construction; Facility Operations; Vehicle Operations and Maintenance, and Displaced Emissions. Users can navigate to the different data input screens using the buttons on the main calculator page or by clicking the individual tabs. To begin, click the "GHG Calculator" tab.

#### **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

Refer to the accompanying user guide for detailed instructions on how to use the tool, as well as information about the GHG emissions factors, data sources, and assumptions used in the tool. The User Guide is available on the FTA Environmental Programs website.

FTA's TRANSIT GF	REENHOUSE G	AS EMISSI	ONS ESTIMA	FOR							
The tables below summarize the co	nstruction, facilty operations,	vehicle operations	and maintenance, and disp	placed emissions inputs for the p	roject. Users can navigate to the different data	a input screens using the asso	ciated buttons. Once th	e inputs are added, scroll to the	Results section below to	view results.	
	1. Select State	ТХ	2. Enter Analysis Period (years)	50	Calculate Res	sults					
Construction Information											
					Miles of New Track/Alignm	nent		Miles of Converted or	Number	of Stations	
Structured Darking Spate	300		Transit Mode: Light Rail or Streetcar	Underground	Elevated 1.08	At-Grade 10.00	Catenary 12.00	Upgraded Track/Alignment		Elevated At-Grade	2
Structured Parking Spots			Light Kall of Streetcal		1.08	10.00	12.00			15	^
Surface Parking Lot Spots	300										
Trees Removed	50										~
Facility Operations Information	on										
			Transit Mode	Building Type	Facility Square Foota	ge					
			Light Rail or Streetcar Light Rail or Streetcar	Maintenance/Storage Facility Station	298,510.00 3,675.00		^				
			Light Rail or Streetcar	Station	3,675.00						
			Light Rail or Streetcar Light Rail or Streetcar	Station Station	3,675.00 3,675.00		v				
			Light Kall of Streetcal	Station	5,675.00						
Vehicle Operations & Mainter	nance Information										
			Operation Mode	Fuel Source	eGrid Subregion (if applicable)	VMT					
			Light Rail or Streetcar	Electric	ERCT	854,685	^				
							<b>~</b>				
						_					
Displaced VMT											
			Operation Mode	Fuel Source	eGrid Subregion (if applicable)	VMT					
			Sedan/Auto	Gas		20,138,625	^				
							×				
RESULTS	Calculate Results										
		J									
Summary Results	GHG Emissions (MTC		Dessentationer	Tetel		Energy Use (mmBTU)		Deumetroom	Total		
	Annual	Upstream 3,103	<b>Downstream</b> -4,164	<b>Total</b> -1,061		Annual	<b>Upstream</b> -3,460	Downstream -65,525	<b>Total</b> -68,985		
	Total Analysis Period	155,134	-208,209	-53,074		Total Analysis Period	-172,988	-3,276,248	-3,449,237		
Detailed Results											
	GHG Emissions (MTC	O2eq) Upstream	Downstream	Total		Energy Use (mmBTU)	Upstream	Downstream	Total		
	Construction	2,123	96	2,218		Construction	9,794	549	10,344		
	Transitway Maintenance	0	49	49		Transitway Maintenance	0	498	498		
Annual Results	Facility Operations Vehicle Operations	0 2,551	2,327 0	2,327 2,551		Facility Operations Vehicle Operations	0 1,085	18,743 1,059	18,743 2,144		
	Vehicle Maintenance	0	10	10		Vehicle Maintenance	0	0	0		
	Displaced Emissions	1,571	6,646	8,217		Displaced Emissions	14,339	86,375	100,713		
	Cumulative Emissions	3,103	-4,164	-1,061		Cumulative Emissions	-3,460	-65,525	-68,985		
	GHG Emissions (MTC		D		Y	Energy Use (mmBTU)		<b>D</b>	<b>T</b> - 1 - 1		
	Construction	<b>Upstream</b> 106,148	<b>Downstream</b> 4,777	<b>Total</b> 110,925		Construction	<b>Upstream</b> 489,717	Downstream 27,462	<b>Total</b> 517,178		
	Transitway Maintenance	0	2,448	2,448		Transitway Maintenance	0	24,921	24,921		
Tatal August 1 D. 1	Facility Operations	0	116,341	116,341		Facility Operations	0	937,150	937,150		
Total Analysis Period	Vehicle Operations Vehicle Maintenance	127,527 0	0 513	127,527 513		Vehicle Operations Vehicle Maintenance	54,230 0	52,948 0	107,177 0		
	Displaced Emissions	78,541	332,287	410,828		Displaced Emissions	716,935	4,318,728	5,035,663		
	Cumulative Emissions	155,134	-208,209	-53,074		Cumulative Emissions	-172,988	-3,276,248	-3,449,237		
l											

# CONSTRUCTION

1. Enter # of Structured Parking Spots to be Built:	300	2. Enter # of Surfa Spots to be Built:		300	3. Enter the # of Trees to be Removed:*	50 *If
4. Select Transit Mode:	5. Enter the Mile Underground	es of New Track/La Elevated	nes and Catenary At-Grade	<b>to be Built</b> Catenary	6. Enter the Miles of Track/Alignment to be Converted or Upgraded	7. Enter the # of New Underground
Light Rail or Streetcar		1.08	10.00	12.00		

here will be a net gain in trees, enter the aber as a negative (e.g., -5)

tations to be Built						
Elevated	At-Grade					
	15					

# FACILITY OPERATIONS

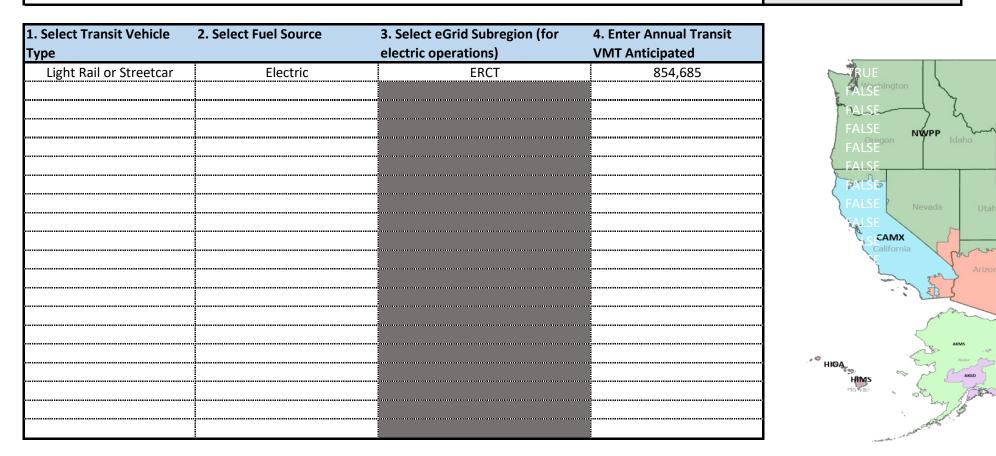
1. Select Transit Mode:	2. Select Facility Type	3. Enter Size (Square Footage) of Facility
Light Rail or Streetcar	Maintenance/Storage Facility	298,510
Light Rail or Streetcar	Station	3,675
Light Rail or Streetcar	Station	3,675
Light Rail or Streetcar	Station	3,675
Light Rail or Streetcar	Station	3,675
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Light Rail or Streetcar	Station	3,675
Light Rail or Streetcar	Station	3,675
Light Rail or Streetcar	Station	3,675

## **TRANSIT VEHICLE OPERATIONS & MAINTENANCE**

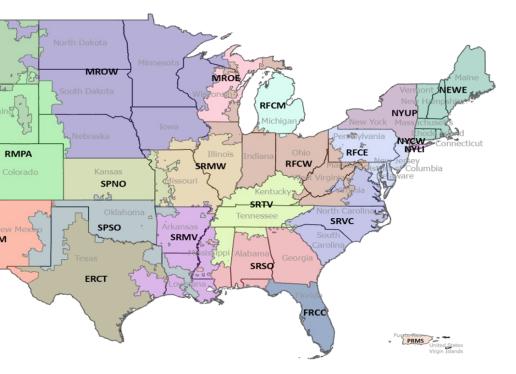
Return to Calculator

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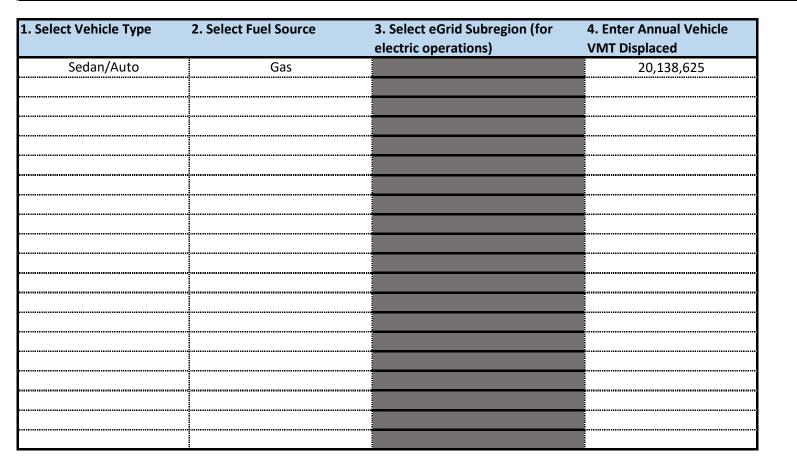


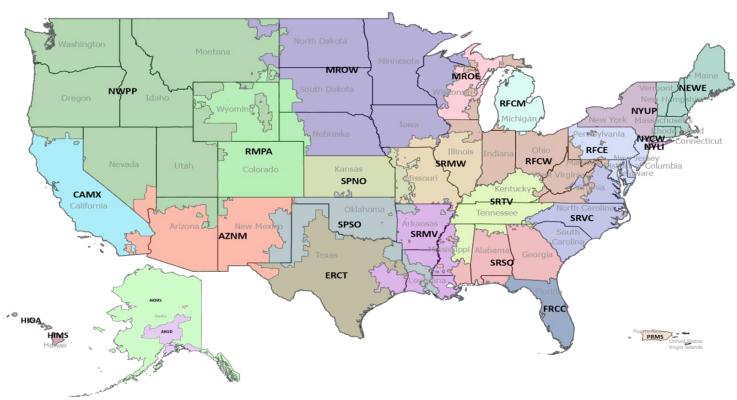
### eGRID Subregions



## DISPLACED EMISSIONS

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### eGRID Subregions